

QIBA Musculoskeletal (MSK) Biomarker Committee (BC)
Tuesday, April 17, 2018 at 11 AM CT [one-time change in time slot]
Call Summary

In attendance

Xiaojuan Li, PhD (Co-Chair)
Thomas Link, PhD (Co-Chair)
Angie Botto-van Bemden, MD
Robert Boutin, MD
Peter Hardy, PhD

Edward Jackson, PhD
Youngkyoo Jung, PhD, DABR
Kathryn Keenan, PhD
Vladimir Mlynarik, PhD
Ed Mojahed, PhD

Nancy Obuchowski, PhD
Yuxi Pang, PhD
Qi (Chris) Peng, PhD
Carl Winalski, MD
Cory Wyatt, PhD

RSNA

Joe Koudelik
Susan Stanfa

Moderator: Dr. Link

Arthritis Foundation Calibration Study Activities (Dr. Li)

- A brief overview of this multi-vendor (GE, Siemens, Philips), multi-site (Cleveland Clinic, UCSF, Univ of Kentucky, Albert Einstein College of Medicine) study was provided
- Since phantom scans at all four participating sites have been completed, preliminary phantom data results were reported to the study committee and the MSK BC
- In the final, standardized protocols the MESE T2 mapping sequence (similar to OAI protocol) was added
- Sequence standardization and measurement across multiple sites and vendors was a challenge
 - The hypothesis was that there would be systematic differences seen across sites and vendors which would require a correction factor if data is highly correlated
 - Variability was assessed and significant differences were found
 - Preliminary data analyses suggest a linear correlation between phantom data from different vendors, thus a correction factor can be developed to address these systematic differences
- The coefficient of variation in the first set of data analysis revealed that there was a 10% difference between platforms/vendors
- While values were collected for different manufacturers, ground truth has not been established (comment from Nancy Obuchowski, PhD)

MRI Phantom Development (Dr. Li and Dr. Katy Keenan)

- It was mentioned that the Boulder NIST team now offers a phantom scanning service to make NMR measurements using either 1.5 or 3T scanners across a temperature range of 0 – 40 Centigrade
- Dr. Keenan was asked to provide an overview of her work on a phantom for breast imaging
 - Making measurements across systems was a challenging project taken on by Dr. Keenan as part of her postdoc work at NIST
 - Worked with High Precision Devices (HPD) to do prototyping; NIST performed the research and development regarding fill solutions/materials and HPD developed to physical phantom/shell
 - HPD was granted two small NIST business awards (for a two-phase phantom development process)
 - Current project with MITRE, which is interested in particular phantoms and has granted funding for research and development
 - Students are encouraged to apply for a two year National Research Council (NRC) award to study various materials and to develop a MSK measurement standard/phantom

- February and August 1st are the application deadlines
- <https://www.nist.gov/pml/applied-physics-division/magnetic-imaging/nrc-postdoctoral-research-associateships-magnetic>
- <http://nrc58.nas.edu/RAPLab10/Opportunity/Search.aspx>

Discussion of Technical Aspects Including Subject Handling and Data Analysis (Dr. Link)

- Discussion needed regarding **QA procedures** for MRI scans, QA procedures used during Osteoarthritis Initiative (OAI) can be used as a template, Dr. Erika Schneider, who was in charge of the OQI QA, will be invited to present at next committee meeting
- The next step is to focus on **Profile development**, specifically sections on subject selection, handling and data analysis
- Rigorous patient **selection criteria** need to be established and incorporated into the subject selection section is as follows
 - Patients at risk for osteoarthritis, as this is a population for which there are substantial data (Patients with KL 2 or lower, obesity, family history, meniscectomy, status post significant injury)
 - Athletes (recreational) to assess cartilage quality, for example as part of run safe clinic
 - Monitoring therapy (intra-articular injections, pharmacotherapy)
 - Assessing cartilage quality in the non-affected compartment before interventions such as osteotomy and unicompartmental prostheses
 - Selection criteria should be based on previously published studies (Dr. Jackson)
- Patient **handling** prior to scans has to be standardized
 - Scan to be performed in the morning
 - Patient should spend a minimum of 30 minutes in a seated position prior to the scan
 - The entire process should not take longer than 1 – 2 hours; longer times deemed to result in site push-back
 - Would need to request information regarding subject’s typical activities prior to selection (“moderate” and “strenuous,” in terms of exercise intensity, to be defined)
 - Subject should not engage in strenuous exercise within 48 hours prior to the scan (activity control)
- Dr. Link to draft subject selection and subject handling sections and circulate them prior to the June t-con

Next Call: Tuesday, June 12 at 10 AM CT [May t-con to be skipped due to QIBA Annual Meeting, ISMRM held during the 3rd week of June]

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