QIBA CT Volumetry Biomarker Ctte (BC) Call

23 January 2020 at 11 AM CT, Thursday

Call Summary

In attendance

Rudresh Jarecha, MBBS, DMRE, DNB (Co-Chair)

Jenifer Siegelman, MD, MPH (Co-Chair)

Hubert Beaumont, PhD

Heang-Ping Chan, PhD

Lubomir Hadjiiski, PhD

Nancy Obuchowski, PhD

RSNA

Joe Koudelik

Julie Lisiecki

Nancy Obuchowski, PhD

Pierre Tervé, MS

Moderator: Dr. Jarecha

Discussion:

- Mr. O'Donnell mentioned the SIG conformance pilots and asked for volunteers to evaluate results and determine how the BC will proceed; he will follow up with Dr. Zahlmann for more details
 - The goal of the conformance pilots is to move the Profiles from Technically Confirmed to Claim Confirmed
 - o Dr. Sullivan provided some contacts but is still searching for an appropriate clinical trial
 - Any ideas are welcome
- Dr. Siegelman asked if there might be a way for CROs to work with QIBA, as the CRO influence could help to advance QIBA Profiles
 - o CROs often author clinical trial protocols for their pharma sponsors
 - The aim for QIBA is to get imaging endpoints into every trial; however, the primary endpoint for most trials is survival
 - Dr. Siegelman suggested enlisting the aid of BioClinica, ICON Medical Imaging, and other CRO partners
 - Sites, including CROs or pharma sponsors, may be willing to implement the QIBA Profiles, but not willing to share data
 - Perhaps this would be a way forward if QIBA can agree to trust the data and partners agree to use QIBA Profiles and the QIBA Process
 - While it is desirable to have some open-source data, it may not be possible due to pushback from PIs, pharma, etc. (reluctance to share data is considered more principal than financial)
 - CROs could analyze and attest that their data collected aligned with QIBA Profiles
 - It would be very helpful to get repeatability numbers from CROs, which may prove to be one approach to achieving Claim-Confirmed (Stage 4) status with the Profile
- Questions remain regarding how to recruit partner physicists at sites to aid with implementing the QIBA Profiles
 - It was suggested that BC members use their personal contacts to try to influence site physicists to image phantoms and test the QIBA Profiles
 - Incentives may be difficult to demonstrate as this would involve more time and money on the part of those testing the Profiles
 - o However, in the long run, consistent data would drive down costs and save time
 - Demonstrating the value of QIBA with those beyond QIBA will be important to this effort
 - o Justifying test-retest studies on patients will prove difficult
 - Again, this may be where personal relationships will be helpful
- It was suggested that the BC contact Dr. Rick Patt from RadMD, as he may be a helpful resource
 - o Dr. Patt has performed blinded reads and adjudications in a variety of trial types
 - He has held positions as both an academic and private practice radiologist
 - His experience includes research and development of contrast agents and design and training of reviewers for over 300 oncology trials
- Dr. Beaumont shared his experience with working with a hospital recently on a data-blinded study
 - He said that working with the hospital partners was easier and proved to be very valuable
- Vendors do not typically use claims for repeatability of measurements, though QIBA wants to try to validate the quality of industry practices in general

- o It is difficult to justify yet another requirement unfortunately
- Phantom studies and DROs have test-retest studies available
 - o Perhaps numbers could be doubled to make them realistic for clinical use
 - While this may be a cruder measurement, it is better to have one than none at all; this may suffice for conformance testing (the available measure always beats the unavailable measure)
 - It was also recommended that the BC publish data from phantom studies since phantom data may translate to clinical data, this might allow conformance testing based on phantoms or test datasets
- There was some discussion regarding whether a DRO might be acceptable for FDA biomarker qualification
 - The FNIH and QIBA have been collaborating in trying to change the qualification framework, though this is a complicated process
- There was also a suggestion to consider comparisons between early and late contrast for bladder cancer subjects in a study similar to a retrospective coffee break

Change Proposals

 Mr. O'Donnell would like to finish the work needed on the change proposals related to testing completed by Canon physicists; he needs data regarding resolution tolerances from Dr. Samei regarding what F⁵⁰ values would be supportable

Action items:

- Schedule next call when Dr. Samei is available he is needed to discuss a change proposal
- Invite Dr. Schwartz to the CT CC call or the next CT Volumetry call to discuss his study

Next Call: TBD via doodle poll in two weeks or a month's time, per Dr. Samei's availability

NEW! Visitthe QIBA Citations EndNote Library! Details can be found on the QIBA Wiki

The next CT Coordinating Committee Call is scheduled for Wednesday, February 19th at 1 pm CT.

- BC Co-Chairs: If you have not already done so, please indicate your availability to moderate/provide updates
 on this call by visiting: https://tinyurl.com/QIBA-CC-Calls.
- Dashboard