# Subharmonic Aided Pressure Estimation (SHAPE)



### **Cardiac Pressure Waveforms**



# **RV Pressures with Individual Calibration Factor**

Canine		SHAPE (mmHg)	Catheter (mmHg)	Error (mmHg)
1	Peak Systolic	24.5	22.2	-2.3
	Minimum Systolic	5.4	4.5	-0.9
2	Peak Systolic	21.3	21.3	0.0
	Minimum Systolic	5.0	4.2	-0.8
3	Peak Systolic	23.6	20.2	-3.4
	Minimum Systolic	5.3	5.0	-0.3
4	Peak Systolic	21.2	18.1	-3.1
	Minimum Systolic	3.6	3.5	-0.1
5	Peak Systolic	32.8	30.2	-2.6
	Minimum Systolic	8.2	6.4	-1.8

# SHAPE as a Screening Tool for Portal Hypertension



SHAPE acquisitions in two patients (obtained at their respective optimal acoustic outputs). Left: A patient insonated at an acoustic output of 10% with HVPG = 5 mmHg

**Right: A patient insonated at an acoustic output of 70% with HVPG = 23 mmHg** 

# Subharmonic Signal versus HVPG



### Motivation for Cardiac Pressure Estimation

There are about 83.6 million Americans suffering from hore affants of different treatment regimens dimension is stored and is a stored and the stored and te

Allowi500, fill acyofaces liather synfall contraction dialgenaged each year in the United States and ten times that number of Americans is currently affected by heart failure

### Motivation for Estimating Portal Hypertension

NASH affects 2-5% of Americans resulting in about 5.5 million people with cirrhosis

Cirrhosis without portal hypertension has a small effect on mortality. However, it is the manifestations of portal hypertension, which predict survival

Approximately 25,000 Americans die each year from chronic liver disease and cirrhosis and more than 300,000 people are hospitalized

## LV Pressures with Individual Calibration Factor

	Canine 1		Canine 2			
	SHAPE	Catheter	Error	SHAPE	Catheter	Error
LV Pressures	(mmHg)	(mmHg)	(mmHg)	(mmHg)	(mmHg)	(mmHg)
Mean Diastolic	20.1	17.6	2.5	14.2	13.4	0.8
Min. Diastolic	15.9	15.7	0.2	7.5	8.9	-1.4
End Diastolic	22.1	19.7	2.3	19.1	16.9	2.2
Peak Systolic	70.2	68.8	1.4	83.8	82.1	1.7
Heart Rate	109.8	109.9		105.5	109.9	